

I'm not a robot 
reCAPTCHA

Continue

How much was £1000 worth in 1960

Home Calculators Inflation \$1000 in 1960 → 2022 \$1,000 in 1960 has the same purchasing power as \$9,712.97 today. Over the 62 years this is a change of \$8,712.97. The average inflation rate of the dollar between 1960 and 2022 was 1.98% per year. The cumulative price increase of the dollar over this time was 871.30%. The value of \$1,000 from 1960 to 2022 So what does this data mean? It means that the prices in 2022 are 97.13 higher than the average prices since 1960. A dollar today can buy 10.30% of what it could buy in 1960. These inflation figures use the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) consumer price index to calculate the value of \$1,000 between 1960 and 2022. The inflation rate for 1960 was 1.72%, while the current year-over-year inflation rate (2021 to 2022) is 8.54%. USD Inflation Since 1913 The chart below shows the inflation rate from 1913 when the Bureau of Labor Statistics' Consumer Price Index (CPI) was first established. The Buying Power of \$1,000 in 1960 We can look at the buying power equivalent for \$1,000 in 1960 to see how much you would need to adjust for in order to beat inflation. For 1960 to 2022, if you started with \$1,000 in 1960, you would need to have \$9,712.97 in 1960 to keep up with inflation rates. So if we are saying that \$1,000 is equivalent to \$9,712.97 over time, you can see the core concept of inflation in action. The "real value" of a single dollar decreases over time. It will pay for fewer items at the store than it did previously. In the chart below you can see how the value of the dollar is worth less over 62 years. Value of \$1,000 Over Time In the table below we can see the value of the US Dollar over time. According to the BLS, each of these amounts are equivalent in terms of what that amount could purchase at the time. Year Dollar Value Inflation Rate 1960 \$1,000.00 1.72% 1961 \$1,010.14 1.01% 1962 \$1,020.27 1.00% 1963 \$1,033.78 1.32% 1964 \$1,047.30 1.31% 1965 \$1,064.19 1.61% 1966 \$1,094.59 2.86% 1967 \$1,128.38 3.09% 1968 \$1,175.68 4.19% 1969 \$1,239.86 5.46% 1970 \$1,310.81 5.72% 1971 \$1,368.24 4.38% 1972 \$1,412.16 3.21% 1973 \$1,500.00 6.22% 1974 \$1,665.54 11.04% 1975 \$1,817.57 9.13% 1976 \$1,922.30 5.76% 1977 \$2,047.30 6.50% 1978 \$2,202.70 7.59% 1979 \$2,452.70 11.35% 1980 \$2,783.78 13.50% 1981 \$3,070.95 10.32% 1982 \$3,260.14 6.16% 1983 \$3,364.86 3.21% 1984 \$3,510.14 4.32% 1985 \$3,635.14 3.56% 1986 \$3,702.70 1.86% 1987 \$3,837.84 3.65% 1988 \$3,996.62 4.14% 1989 \$4,189.19 4.82% 1990 \$4,415.54 5.40% 1991 \$4,601.35 4.21% 1992 \$4,739.86 3.01% 1993 \$4,881.76 2.99% 1994 \$5,006.76 2.56% 1995 \$5,148.65 2.83% 1996 \$5,300.68 2.95% 1997 \$5,422.30 2.29% 1998 \$5,506.76 1.56% 1999 \$5,628.38 2.21% 2000 \$5,817.57 3.36% 2001 \$5,983.11 2.85% 2002 \$6,077.70 1.58% 2003 \$6,216.22 2.28% 2004 \$6,381.76 2.66% 2005 \$6,597.97 3.39% 2006 \$6,810.81 3.23% 2007 \$7,004.80 2.85% 2008 \$7,273.75 3.84% 2009 \$7,247.87 -0.36% 2010 \$7,366.76 1.64% 2011 \$7,599.29 3.16% 2012 \$7,756.55 2.07% 2013 \$7,870.17 1.46% 2014 \$7,997.84 1.62% 2015 \$8,007.33 0.12% 2016 \$8,108.34 1.26% 2017 \$8,281.08 2.13% 2018 \$8,483.34 2.44% 2019 \$8,637.06 1.81% 2020 \$8,743.61 1.23% 2021 \$0.00 -100.00% 2022 \$9,712.97 0.00% US Dollar Inflation Conversion If you're interested to see the effect of inflation on various 1950 amounts, the table below shows how much each amount would be worth today based on the price increase of 871.30%. Initial Value Equivalent Value \$1.00 in 1960 \$9.71 today \$5.00 in 1960 \$48.56 today \$10.00 in 1960 \$97.13 today \$50.00 in 1960 \$485.65 today \$100.00 in 1960 \$971.30 today \$500.00 in 1960 \$4,856.49 today \$1,000.00 in 1960 \$9,712.97 today \$5,000.00 in 1960 \$48,564.86 today \$10,000.00 in 1960 \$97,129.73 today \$50,000.00 in 1960 \$485,648.65 today \$100,000.00 in 1960 \$971,297.30 today \$500,000.00 in 1960 \$4,856,486.49 today \$1,000,000.00 in 1960 \$9,712,972.97 today Calculate Inflation Rate for \$1,000 from 1960 to 2022 To calculate the inflation rate of \$1,000 from 1960 to 2022, we use the following formula: $\frac{\text{USD}_{2022}}{\text{USD}_{1960}} = \frac{\text{value}_{2022}}{\text{value}_{1960}}$. We then replace the variables with the historical CPI values. The CPI in 1960 was 29.6 and 287.504 in 2022. $\frac{\$1,000}{\$1,000} = \frac{\$9,712.97}{\$287.504}$. \$9,712.97 in 1960 has the same purchasing power as \$9,712.97 today. To work out the total inflation rate for the 62 years between 1960 and 2022, we can use a different formula: $\frac{\text{USD}_{2022}}{\text{USD}_{1960}} - 1 = \frac{\text{Cumulative rate for 62 years}}{62}$. Again, we can replace those variables with the correct Consumer Price Index values to work out the cumulative rate: $\frac{\$9,712.97}{\$287.504} - 1 = \frac{871.30}{62}$. The inflation rate is the percentage increase in the average level of prices of a basket of selected goods over time. It indicates a decrease in the purchasing power of currency and results in an increased consumer price index (CPI). Put simply, the inflation rate is the rate at which the general prices of consumer goods increases when the currency purchase power is falling. The most common cause of inflation is an increase in the money supply, though it can be caused by many different circumstances and events. The value of the floating currency starts to decline when it becomes abundant. What this means is that the currency is not as scarce and, as a result, not as valuable. By comparing a list of standard products (the CPI), the change in price over time will be measured by the inflation rate. The prices of products such as milk, bread, and gas will be tracked over time after they are grouped together. Inflation shows that the money used to buy these products is not worth as much as it used to be when there is an increase in these products' prices over time. The inflation rate is basically the rate at which money loses its value when compared to the basket of selected goods - which is a fixed set of consumer products and services that are valued on an annual basis. If you found this content useful in your research, please do us a great favor and use the tool below to make sure you properly reference us wherever you use it. We really appreciate your support!